MICROCHIP®

24AA64/24LC64

64K I^{2}C™ Serial EEPROM

Device Selection Table

| Part Number	Vcc Range	Max Clock Frequency	Temp Ranges
24AA64	1.8-5.5	400 kHz[1]	I
24LC64	2.5-5.5	400 kHz	I, E

Note 1: 100 kHz for Vcc <2.5V

Features

- Single supply with operation down to 1.8V
- Low-power CMOS technology
  - 1 mA active current typical
  - 1 µA standby current (max.) (I-temp)
- Organized as 8 blocks of 8K bit (64K bit)
- 2-wire serial interface bus, I^{2}C™ compatible
- Cascadable for up to eight devices
- Schmitt Trigger inputs for noise suppression
- Output slope control to eliminate ground bounce
- 100 kHz (24AA64) and 400 kHz (24LC64) compatibility
- Self-timed write cycle (including auto-erase)
- Page write buffer for up to 32 bytes
- 2 ms typical write cycle time for page write
- Hardware write-protect for entire memory
- Can be operated as a serial ROM
- Factory programming (QTP) available
- ESD protection > 4,000V
- 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
- Data retention > 200 years
- 8-lead PDIP, SOIC, TSSOP and MSOP packages
- Standard and Pb-free finishes available
- Available temperature ranges:
  - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

Description

The Microchip Technology Inc. 24AA64/24LC64 (24XX64*) is a 64 Kbit Electrically Erasable PROM. The device is organized as eight blocks of 1K x 8-bit memory with a 2-wire serial interface. Low-voltage design permits operation down to 1.8V, with standby and active currents of only 1 µA and 1 mA, respectively. It has been developed for advanced, low-power applications such as personal communications or data acquisition. The 24XX64 also has a page write capability for up to 32 bytes of data. Functional address lines allow up to eight devices on the same bus, for up to 512 Kbits address space. The 24XX64 is available in the standard 8-pin PDIP, surface mount SOIC, TSSOP and MSOP packages.

Package Types
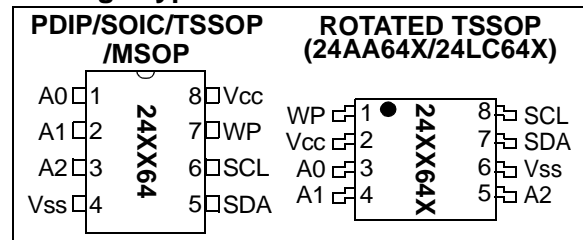
Block Diagram
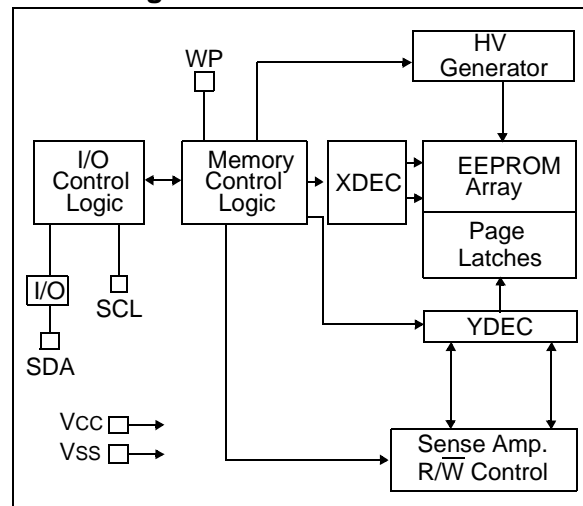
* 24XX64 is used in this document as a generic part number for the 24AA64/24LC64 devices.

24AA64/24LC64

1.0   ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings [†]

V_{CC}..6.5V

All inputs and outputs w.r.t. V_{SS} .... -0.3V to V_{CC} +1.0V

Storage temperature ....-65°C to +150°C

Ambient temperature with power applied..-65°C to +125°C

ESD protection on all pins ....≥ 4 kV

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† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1:   DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			V_{CC} = +1.8V to +5.5V Industrial (I): T_A = -40°C to +85°C Automotive (E): T_A = -40°C to +125°C				
Param. No.	**Sym**	**Characteristic**	**Min**	**Typ**	**Max**	**Units**	**Conditions**
D1	V_{IH}	**WP, SCL and SDA pins**	—	—	—	—	—
D2	—	High-level input voltage	0.7 V_{CC}	—	—	V	—
D3	V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	—	—	0.3 V_{CC}	V	—
D4	V_{HYS}	Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger inputs	0.05 V_{CC}	—	—	V	**(Note 1)**
D5	V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	—	—	0.40	V	I_{OL} = 3.0 mA, V_{CC} = 2.5V
D6	I_{LI}	**Input leakage current**	—	—	±1	μA	V_{IN} = .1V to V_{CC}
D7	I_{LO}	**Output leakage current**	—	—	±1	μA	V_{OUT} = .1V to V_{CC}
D8	C_{IN}, C_{OUT}	Pin capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	—	—	10	pF	V_{CC} = 5.0V **(Note 1)** T_A = 25°C, F_{CLK} = 1 MHz
D9	I_{CC} write	**Operating current**	—	0.1	3	mA	V_{CC} = 5.5V, SCL = 400 kHz
D10	I_{CC} read		—	0.05	1	mA	—
D11	I_{CCS}	**Standby current**	—	.01	1	μA	Industrial
			—	—	5	μA	Automotive SDA = SCL = V_{CC} WP = V_{SS}

Note 1:   This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2:   Typical measurements taken at room temperature.


TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Vcc = +1.8V to +5.5V Industrial (I): TA = -40°C to +85°C Automotive (E): TA = -40°C to +125°C			
Param. No.	Sym	Characteristic	Min	Max	Units	Conditions
1	FCLK	Clock frequency	— —	400 100	kHz	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
2	THIGH	Clock high time	600 4000	— —	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
3	TLOW	Clock low time	1300 4700	— —	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
4	TR	SDA and SCL rise time **(Note 1)**	— —	300 1000	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
5	TF	SDA and SCL fall time	—	300	ns	**(Note 1)**
6	THD:STA	Start condition hold time	600 4000	— —	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
7	TSU:STA	Start condition setup time	600 4700	— —	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
8	THD:DAT	Data input hold time	0	—	ns	**(Note 2)**
9	TSU:DAT	Data input setup time	100 250	— —	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
10	TSU:STO	Stop condition setup time	600 4000	— —	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
11	TAA	Output valid from clock **(Note 2)**	— —	900 3500	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
12	TBUF	Bus free time: Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start	1300 4700	— —	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
13	TOF	Output fall time from VIH minimum to VIL maximum	20+0.1CB —	250 250	ns	2.5V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5V 1.8V ≤ Vcc < 2.5V **(24AA64)**
14	TSP	Input filter spike suppression (SDA and SCL pins)	—	50	ns	**(Notes 1 and 3)**
15	TWC	Write cycle time (byte or page)	—	5	ms	—
16	—	Endurance	1M	—	cycles	25°C, **(Note 4)**

**Note 1:** Not 100% tested. CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF.

2: As a transmitter, the device must provide an internal minimum delay time to bridge the undefined region (minimum 300 ns) of the falling edge of SCL to avoid unintended generation of Start or Stop conditions.

3: The combined TSP and VHYS specifications are due to new Schmitt Trigger inputs which provide improved noise spike suppression. This eliminates the need for a TI specification for standard operation.

4: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from Microchip's web site: www.microchip.com.

FIGURE 1-1: **BUS TIMING DATA**
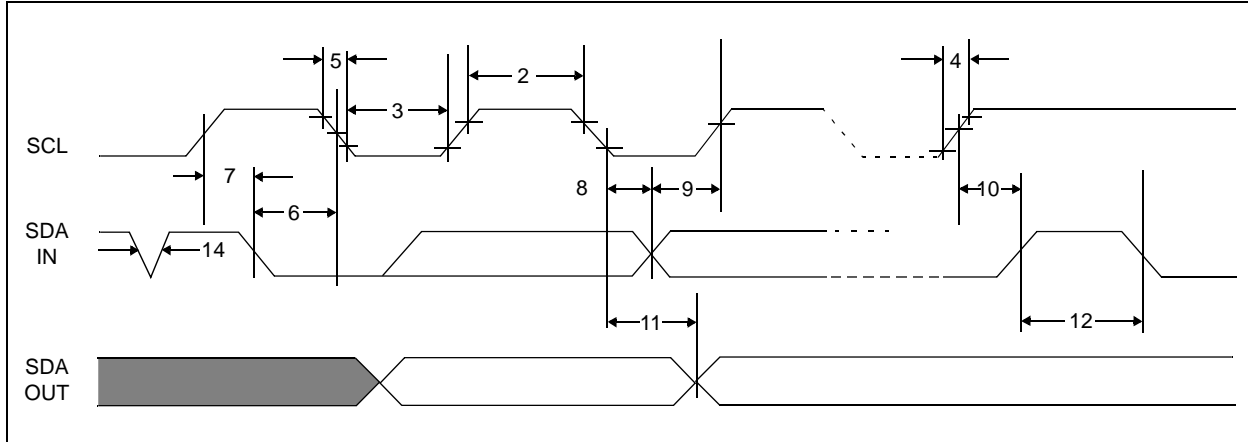
FIGURE 1-2: **BUS TIMING START/STOP**
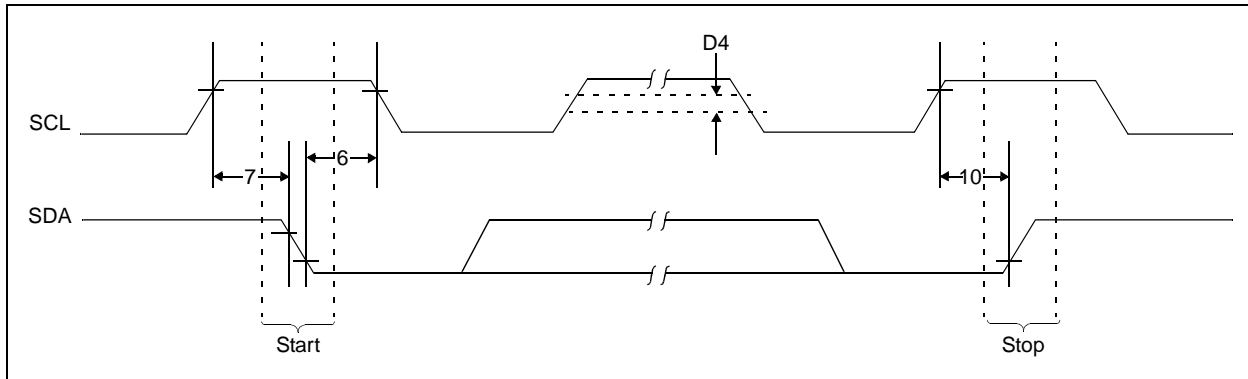
2.0   FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The 24XX64 supports a bidirectional, 2-wire bus and data transmission protocol. A device that sends data onto the bus is defined as transmitter, while a device receiving data is defined as a receiver. The bus has to be controlled by a master device which generates the serial clock (SCL), controls the bus access and generates the Start and Stop conditions, while the 24XX64 works as slave. Both master and slave can operate as transmitter or receiver, but the master device determines which mode is activated.

3.0   BUS CHARACTERISTICS

The following **bus protocol** has been defined:

- Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy
- During data transfer, the data line must remain stable whenever the clock line is high. Changes in the data line while the clock line is high will be interpreted as a Start or Stop condition

Accordingly, the following bus conditions have been defined (Figure 3-1).

3.1   Bus not Busy (A)

Both data and clock lines remain high.

3.2   Start Data Transfer (B)

A high-to-low transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Start condition. All commands must be preceded by a Start condition.

3.3   Stop Data Transfer (C)

A low-to-high transition of the SDA line while the clock (SCL) is high determines a Stop condition. All operations must be ended with a Stop condition.

3.4   Data Valid (D)

The state of the data line represents valid data when, after a Start condition, the data line is stable for the duration of the high period of the clock signal.

The data on the line must be changed during the low period of the clock signal. There is one clock pulse per bit of data.

Each data transfer is initiated with a Start condition and terminated with a Stop condition. The number of data bytes transferred between Start and Stop conditions is determined by the master device and is, theoretically, unlimited (although only the last thirty two will be stored when doing a write operation). When an overwrite does occur, it will replace data in a first-in first-out (FIFO) fashion.

3.5   Acknowledge

Each receiving device, when addressed, is obliged to generate an acknowledge after the reception of each byte. The master device must generate an extra clock pulse which is associated with this Acknowledge bit.

> **Note:** The 24XX64 does not generate any Acknowledge bits if an internal programming cycle is in progress.

The device that acknowledges has to pull down the SDA line during the Acknowledge clock pulse in such a way that the SDA line is stable low during the high period of the acknowledge related clock pulse. Of course, setup and hold times must be taken into account. During reads, a master must signal an end of data to the slave by not generating an Acknowledge bit on the last byte that has been clocked out of the slave. In this case, the slave (24XX64) will leave the data line high to enable the master to generate the Stop condition.

FIGURE 3-1:   DATA TRANSFER SEQUENCE ON THE SERIAL BUS
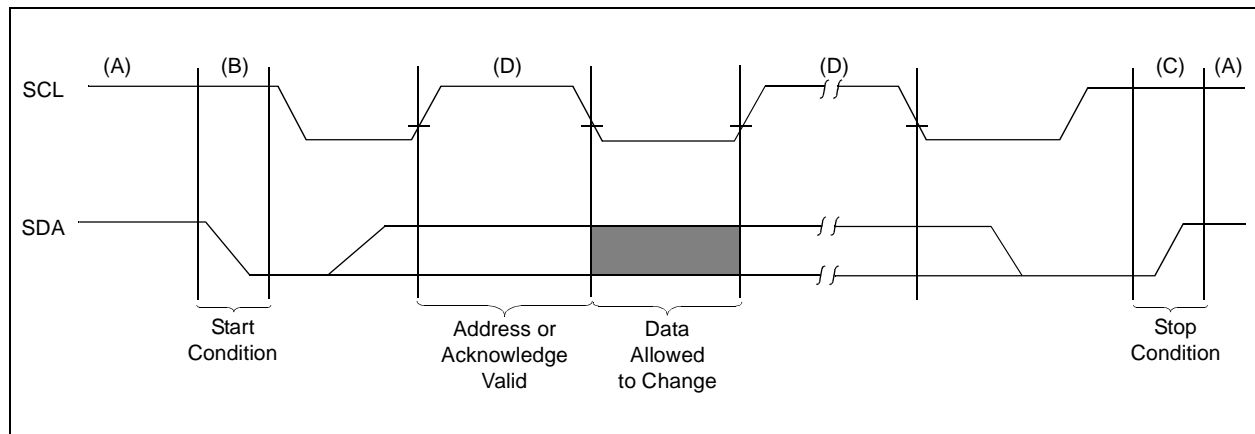
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3.6 Device Addressing

A control byte is the first byte received following the Start condition from the master device (Figure 3-2). The control byte consists of a four-bit control code. For the 24XX64, this is set as '1010' binary for read and write operations. The next three bits of the control byte are the Chip Select bits (A2, A1, A0). The Chip Select bits allow the use of up to eight 24XX64 devices on the same bus and are used to select which device is accessed. The Chip Select bits in the control byte must correspond to the logic levels on the corresponding A2, A1 and A0 pins for the device to respond. These bits are, in effect, the three Most Significant bits of the word address.

The last bit of the control byte defines the operation to be performed. When set to a '1', a read operation is selected. When set to a '0', a write operation is selected. The next two bytes received define the address of the first data byte (Figure 3-3). Because only A12...A0 are used, the upper-three address bits are don't care bits. The upper-address bits are transferred first, followed by the less significant bits.

Following the Start condition, the 24XX64 monitors the SDA bus, checking the device-type identifier being transmitted. Upon receiving a '1010' code and appropriate device-select bits, the slave device outputs an Acknowledge signal on the SDA line. Depending on the state of the R/W̅ bit, the 24XX64 will select a read or write operation.

FIGURE 3-2: CONTROL BYTE FORMAT
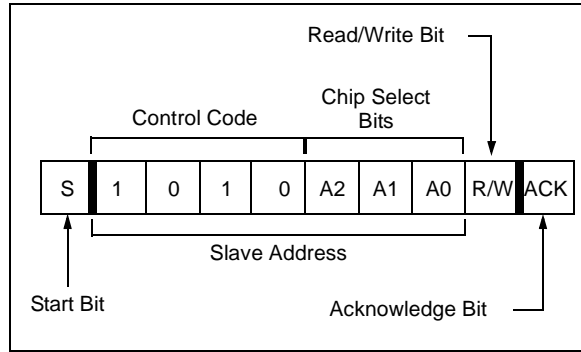
3.7 Contiguous Addressing Across Multiple Devices

The Chip Select bits A2, A1 and A0 can be used to expand the contiguous address space for up to 512K bits by adding up to eight 24XX64's on the same bus. In this case, software can use A0 of the control byte as address bit A13, A1 as address bit A14 and A2 as address bit A15. It is not possible to sequentially read across device boundaries.

FIGURE 3-3: ADDRESS SEQUENCE BIT ASSIGNMENTS
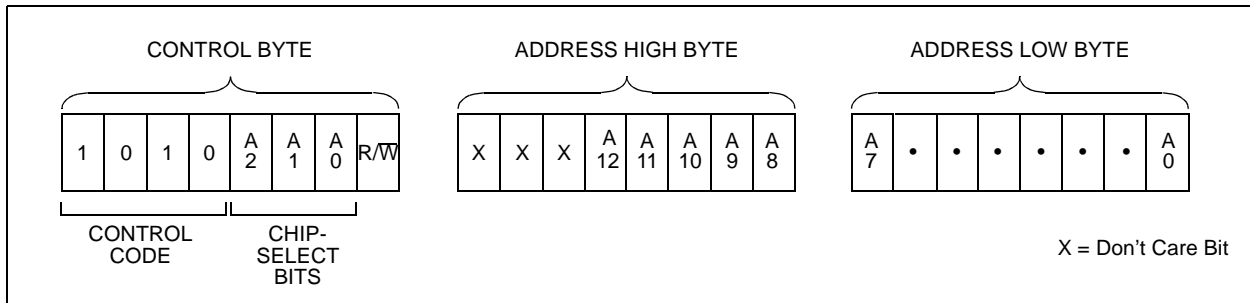
4.0   WRITE OPERATIONS

4.1   Byte Write

Following the Start condition from the master, the control code (four bits), the Chip Select (three bits) and the R/$\overline{W}$ bit (which is a logic low) are clocked onto the bus by the master transmitter. This indicates to the addressed slave receiver that the address high byte will follow once it has generated an Acknowledge bit during the ninth clock cycle. Therefore, the next byte transmitted by the master is the high-order byte of the word address and will be written into the address pointer of the 24XX64. The next byte is the Least Significant Address Byte. After receiving another Acknowledge signal from the 24XX64, the master device will transmit the data word to be written into the addressed memory location. The 24XX64 acknowledges again and the master generates a Stop condition. This initiates the internal write cycle and, during this time, the 24XX64 will not generate Acknowledge signals (Figure 4-1). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command. After a byte write command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just written.

4.2   Page Write

The write control byte, word address and the first data byte are transmitted to the 24XX64 in the same way as in a byte write. However, instead of generating a Stop condition, the master transmits up to 31 additional bytes which are temporarily stored in the on-chip page buffer and will be written into memory once the master has transmitted a Stop condition. Upon receipt of each word, the five lower address pointer bits are internally incremented by one. If the master should transmit more than 32 bytes prior to generating the Stop condition, the address counter will roll over and the previously received data will be overwritten. As with the byte write operation, once the Stop condition is received, an internal write cycle will begin (Figure 4-2). If an attempt is made to write to the array with the WP pin held high, the device will acknowledge the command but no write cycle will occur, no data will be written and the device will immediately accept a new command.

> **Note:** Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, **regardless** of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and end at addresses that are integer multiples of [page size - 1]. If a Page Write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page, as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

4.3   Write-Protection

The WP pin allows the user to write-protect the entire array (0000-1FFF) when the pin is tied to V_{CC}. If tied to V_{SS} or left floating, the write-protection is disabled. The WP pin is sampled at the Stop bit for every write command (Figure 3-1) Toggling the WP pin after the Stop bit will have no effect on the execution of the write cycle.

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**FIGURE 4-1:** **BYTE WRITE**
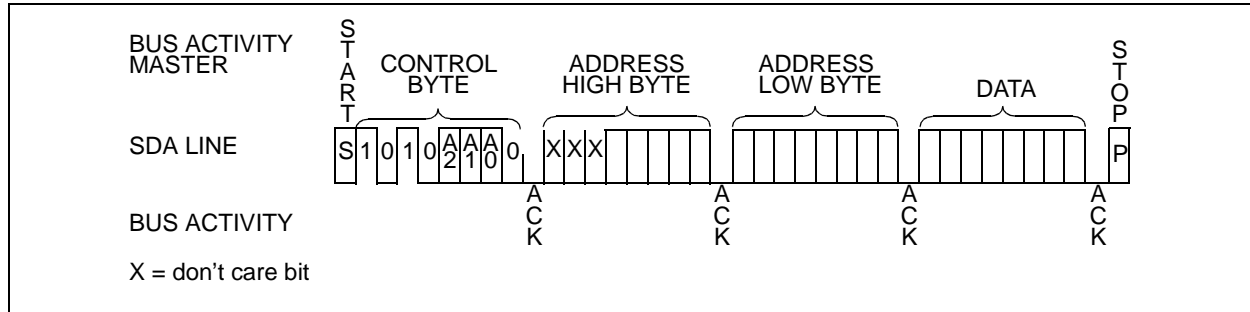
FIGURE 4-2: **PAGE WRITE**
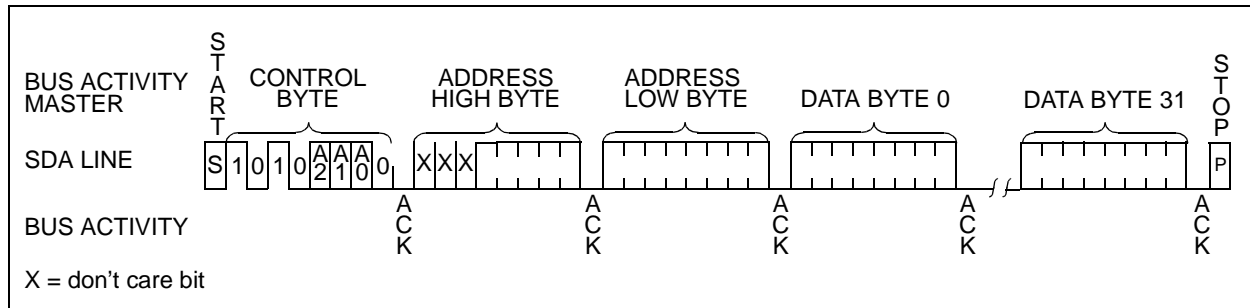
5.0 ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING

Since the device will not acknowledge during a write cycle, this can be used to determine when the cycle is complete (this feature can be used to maximize bus throughput). Once the Stop condition for a Write command has been issued from the master, the device initiates the internally-timed write cycle and ACK polling can then be initiated immediately. This involves the master sending a Start condition followed by the control byte for a Write command (R/$\overline{W}$ = 0). If the device is still busy with the write cycle, then no ACK will be returned. If no ACK is returned, the Start bit and control byte must be re-sent. If the cycle is complete, the device will return the ACK and the master can then proceed with the next Read or Write command. See Figure 5-1 for a flow diagram of this operation.

FIGURE 5-1: **ACKNOWLEDGE POLLING FLOW**
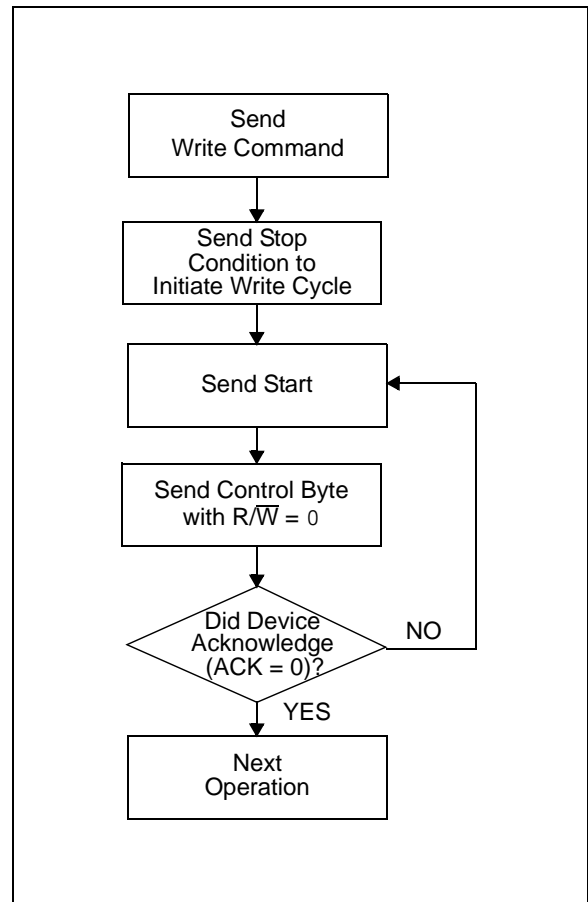
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6.0 READ OPERATION

Read operations are initiated in the same way as write operations, with the exception that the R/$\overline{W}$ bit of the control byte is set to one. There are three basic types of read operations: current address read, random read, and sequential read.

6.1 Current Address Read

The 24XX64 contains an address counter that maintains the address of the last word accessed, internally incremented by one. Therefore, if the previous read access was to address n (n is any legal address), the next current address read operation would access data from address n + 1.

Upon receipt of the control byte with R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to one, the 24XX64 issues an acknowledge and transmits the eight bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a Stop condition and the 24XX64 discontinues transmission (Figure 6-1).
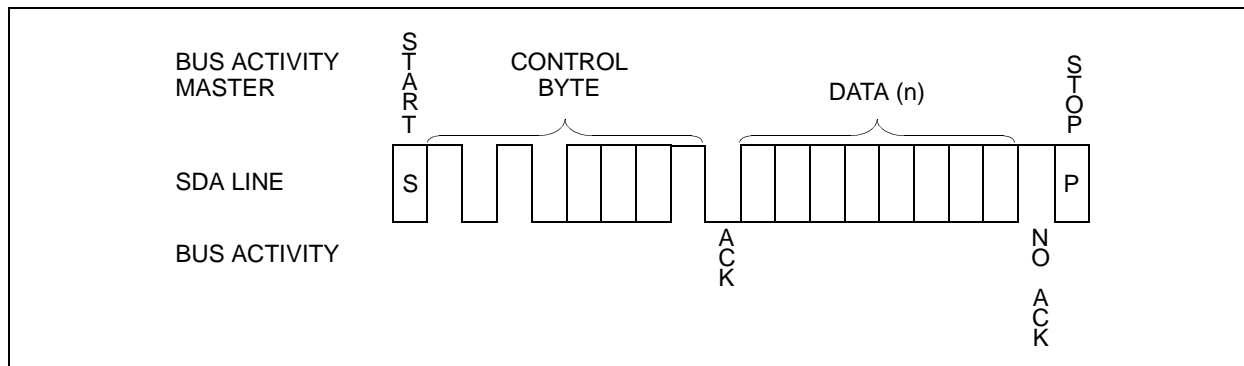
6.2 Random Read

Random read operations allow the master to access any memory location in a random manner. To perform this type of read operation, the word address must first be set. This is accomplished by sending the word address to the 24XX64 as part of a write operation (R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to 0). Once the word address is sent, the master generates a Start condition following the acknowledge.

This terminates the write operation, but not before the internal address pointer is set. The master then issues the control byte again, but with the R/$\overline{W}$ bit set to a one. The 24XX64 will then issue an acknowledge and transmit the 8-bit data word. The master will not acknowledge the transfer but does generate a Stop condition, which causes the 24XX64 to discontinue transmission (Figure 6-2). After a random read command, the internal address counter will point to the address location following the one that was just read.
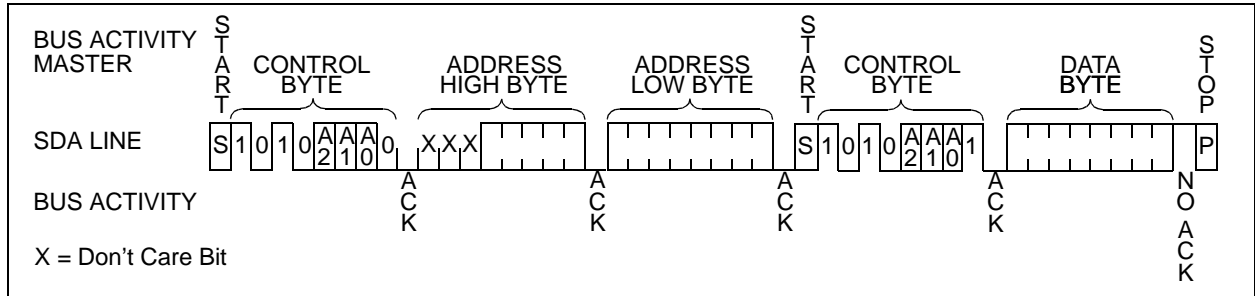
6.3 Sequential Read

Sequential reads are initiated in the same way as a random reads, except that once the 24XX64 transmits the first data byte, the master issues an acknowledge as opposed to the Stop condition used in a random read. This acknowledge directs the 24XX64 to transmit the next sequentially-addressed 8-bit word (Figure 6-3). Following the final byte being transmitted to the master, the master will NOT generate an acknowledge, but will generate a Stop condition. To provide sequential reads, the 24XX64 contains an internal address pointer which is incremented by one at the completion of each operation. This address pointer allows the entire memory contents to be serially read during one operation. The internal address pointer will automatically roll over from address 1FFF to address 0000 if the master acknowledges the byte received from the array address 1FFF.
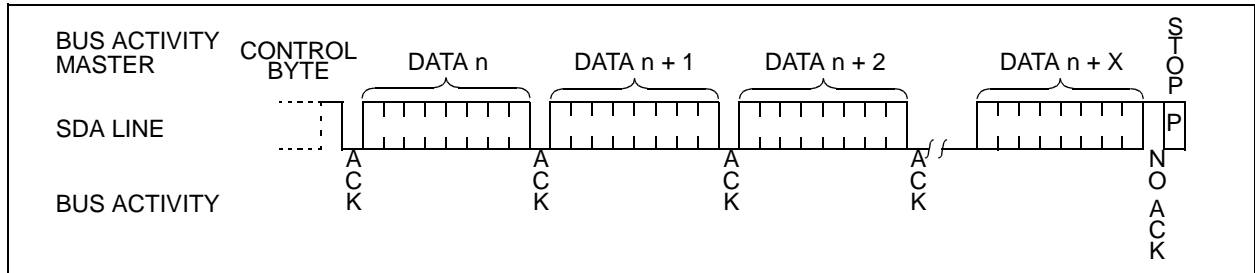
FIGURE 6-1: **CURRENT ADDRESS READ**

FIGURE 6-2: **RANDOM READ**

X = Don't Care Bit

FIGURE 6-3: **SEQUENTIAL READ**

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7.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 7-1.

TABLE 7-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	PDIP	SOIC	TSSOP	MSOP	ROTATED TSSOP	Description
A0	1	1	1	1	3	Chip Address Input
A1	2	2	2	2	4	Chip Address Input
A2	3	3	3	3	5	Chip Address Input
Vss	4	4	4	4	6	Ground
SDA	5	5	5	5	7	Serial Address/Data I/O
SCL	6	6	6	6	8	Serial Clock
WP	7	7	7	7	1	Write-Protect Input
Vcc	8	8	8	8	2	+1.8V to 5.5V Power Supply

7.1 A0, A1, A2 Chip Address Inputs

The A0, A1 and A2 inputs are used by the 24XX64 for multiple device operation. The levels on these inputs are compared with the corresponding bits in the slave address. The chip is selected if the compare is true.

Up to eight devices may be connected to the same bus by using different Chip Select bit combinations. These inputs must be connected to either Vcc or Vss.

7.2 Serial Data (SDA)

SDA is a bidirectional pin used to transfer addresses and data into and out of the device. Since it is an open-drain terminal, the SDA bus requires a pull-up resistor to Vcc (typical 10 kΩ for 100 kHz, 2 kΩ for 400 kHz).

For normal data transfer, SDA is allowed to change only during SCL low. Changes during SCL high are reserved for indicating the Start and Stop conditions.

7.3 Serial Clock (SCL)

The SCL input is used to synchronize the data transfer from and to the device.
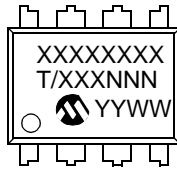
7.4 Write-Protect (WP)

WP can be connected to either Vss, Vcc or left floating. An internal pull-down resistor on this pin will keep the device in the unprotected state if left floating. If tied to Vss, or left floating, normal memory operation is enabled (read/write the entire memory 0000-1FFF).

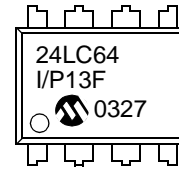If tied to Vcc, write operations are inhibited. Read operations are not affected.

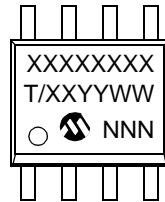# 8.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION
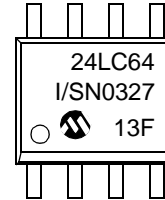
8.1 Package Marking Information

8-Lead PDIP (300 mil)

```
XXXXXXXX
T/XXXNNN
   YYWW
```

Example:

```
24LC64
I/P13F
   0327
```

8-Lead SOIC (150 mil)

```
XXXXXXXX
T/XXYYWW
    NNN
```

Example:

```
24LC64
I/SN0327
   13F
```

8-Lead SOIC (208 mil)

```
XXXXXXXX
T/XXXXXX
YYWWNNN
```
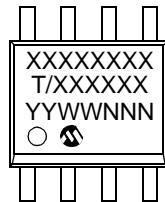
Device	TSSOP Marking Codes			
	STD	Rot	Pb-Free	Rot
24AA64	4AB	4ABX	G4AB	G4ABX
24LC64	4LB	4LBX	G4LB	G4LBX

Example:

```
24LC64
I/SM
032713F
```

8-Lead TSSOP

```
XXXX
XYWW
NNN
```

Example:

```
4LB
I327
13F
```

8-Lead MSOP

```
XXXXXX
YWWNNN
```
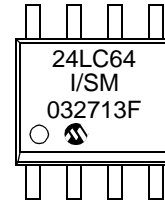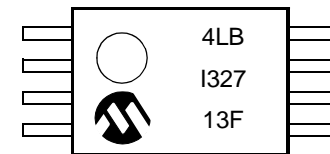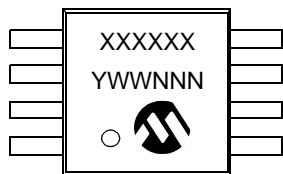
Device	MSOP Marking Codes	
	STD	Pb-Free
24AA64	4A64	G4AB
24LC64	4L64	G4LB

Example:

```
4L64I
32713F
```
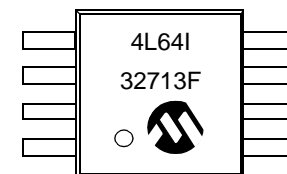
Legend:	XX...X	Customer specific information*
	T	Temperature grade (I,E)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code

Note:	In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line thus limiting the number of available characters for customer specific information.

* Standard QTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, and traceability code.

24AA64/24LC64

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) – 300 mil (PDIP)
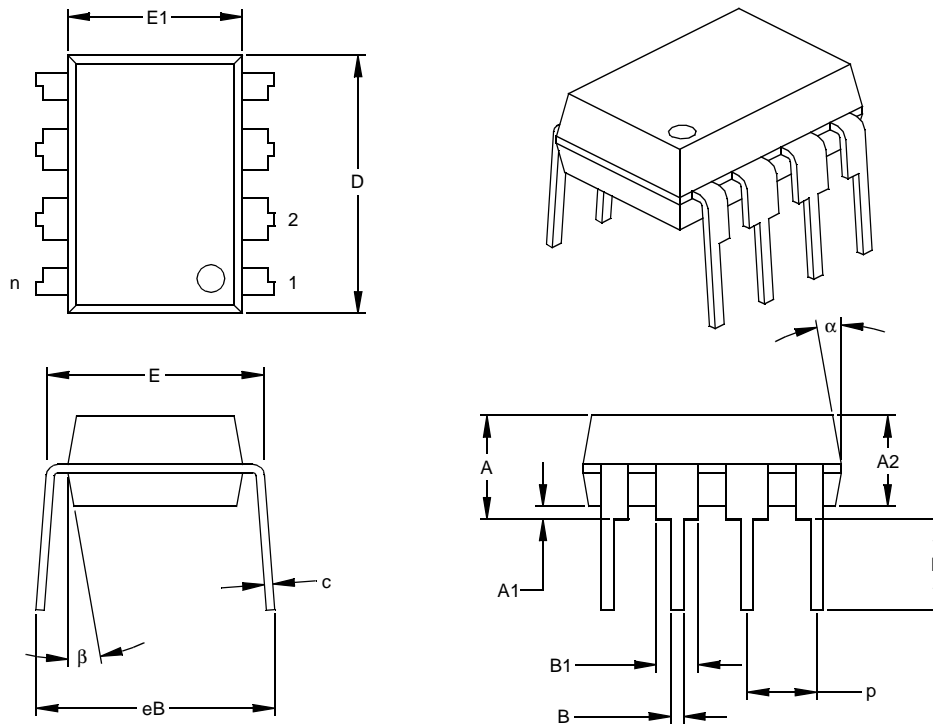
	Units	INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.140	.155	.170	3.56	3.94	4.32
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.145	2.92	3.30	3.68
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.260	6.10	6.35	6.60
Overall Length	D	.360	.373	.385	9.14	9.46	9.78
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.045	.058	.070	1.14	1.46	1.78
Lower Lead Width	B	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56
Overall Row Spacing §	eB	.310	.370	.430	7.87	9.40	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

* Controlling Parameter
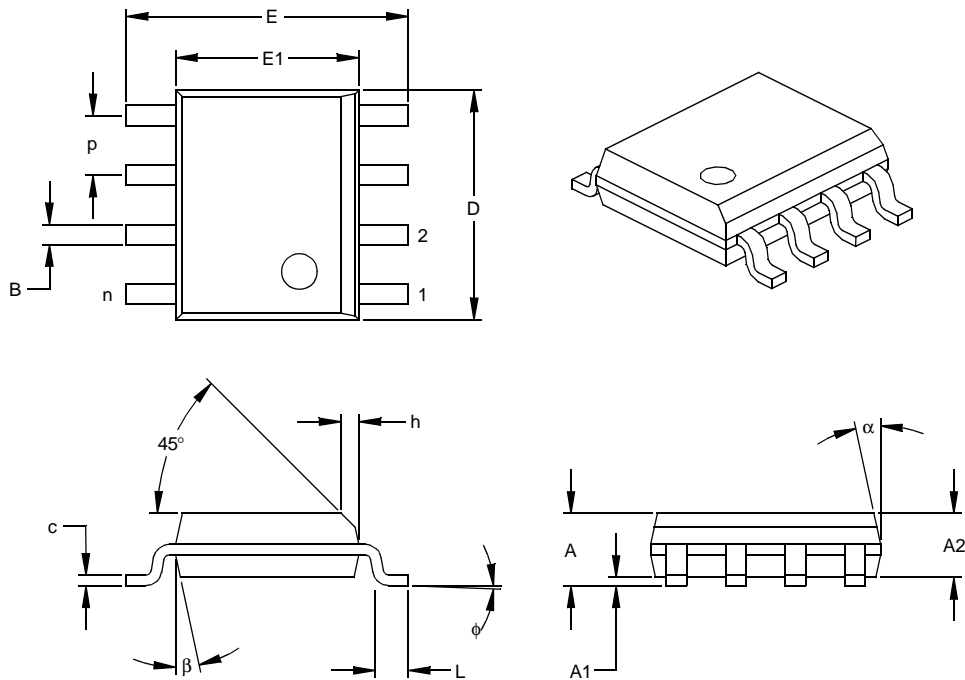§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MS-001
Drawing No. C04-018

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 150 mil (SOIC)

	Units	INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	A	.053	.061	.069	1.35	1.55	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.052	.056	.061	1.32	1.42	1.55
Standoff §	A1	.004	.007	.010	0.10	0.18	0.25
Overall Width	E	.228	.237	.244	5.79	6.02	6.20
Molded Package Width	E1	.146	.154	.157	3.71	3.91	3.99
Overall Length	D	.189	.193	.197	4.80	4.90	5.00
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.015	.020	0.25	0.38	0.51
Foot Length	L	.019	.025	.030	0.48	0.62	0.76
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	B	.013	.017	.020	0.33	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed
.010" (0.254mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MS-012
Drawing No. C04-057

24AA64/24LC64

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SM) – Medium, 208 mil (SOIC)

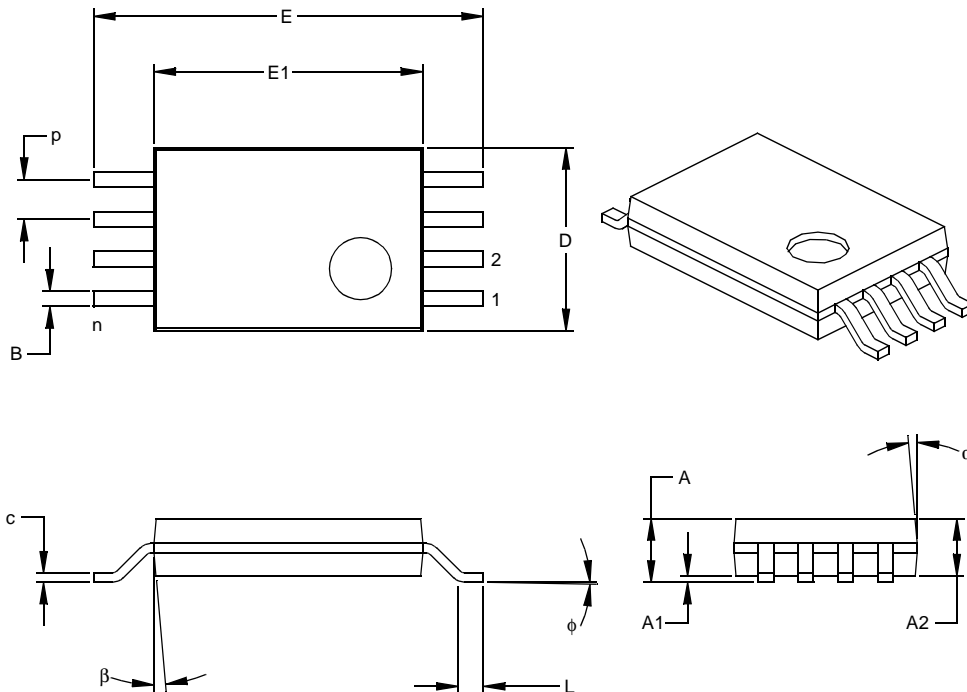|	Units	INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	A	.070	.075	.080	1.78	1.97	2.03
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.069	.074	.078	1.75	1.88	1.98
Standoff §	A1	.002	.005	.010	0.05	0.13	0.25
Overall Width	E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.95	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.201	.208	.212	5.11	5.28	5.38
Overall Length	D	.202	.205	.210	5.13	5.21	5.33
Foot Length	L	.020	.025	.030	0.51	0.64	0.76
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	B	.014	.017	.020	0.36	0.43	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed
.010" (0.254mm) per side.
Drawing No. C04-056

8-Lead Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (ST) – 4.4 mm (TSSOP)

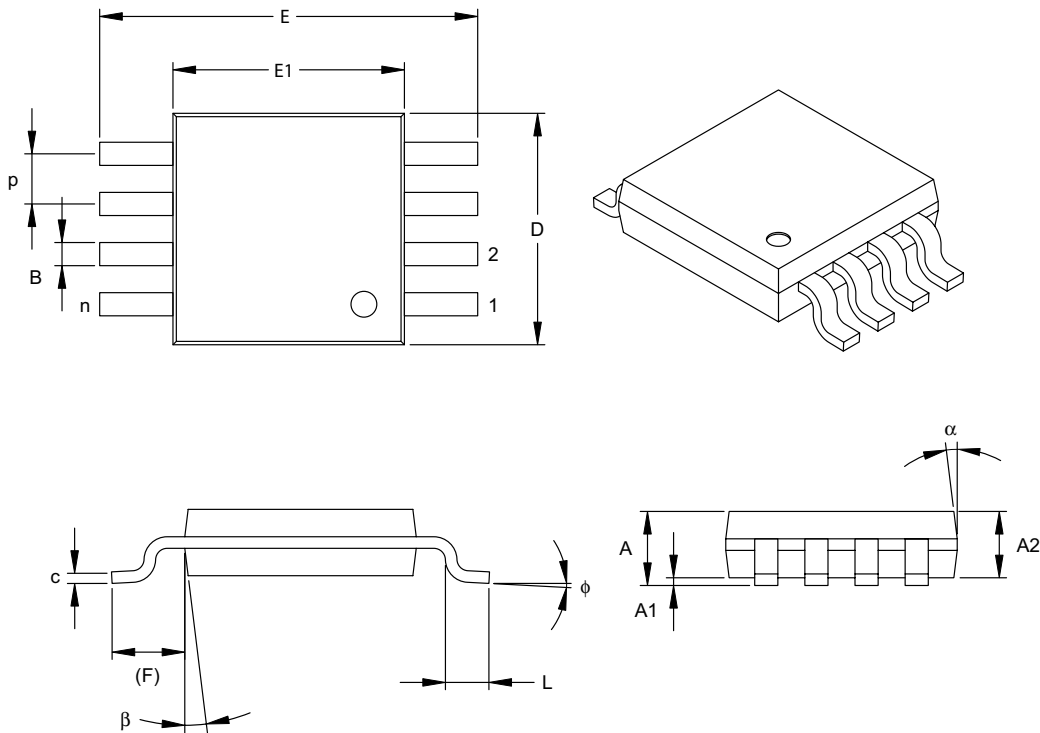|	Units		INCHES			MILLIMETERS*	
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.026			0.65	
Overall Height	A			.043			1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.033	.035	.037	0.85	0.90	0.95
Standoff §	A1	.002	.004	.006	0.05	0.10	0.15
Overall Width	E	.246	.251	.256	6.25	6.38	6.50
Molded Package Width	E1	.169	.173	.177	4.30	4.40	4.50
Molded Package Length	D	.114	.118	.122	2.90	3.00	3.10
Foot Length	L	.020	.024	.028	0.50	0.60	0.70
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.004	.006	.008	0.09	0.15	0.20
Lead Width	B	.007	.010	.012	0.19	0.25	0.30
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	5	10	0	5	10
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	5	10	0	5	10

* Controlling Parameter
§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:
Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .005" (0.127mm) per side.
JEDEC Equivalent: MO-153
Drawing No. C04-086

24AA64/24LC64

8-Lead Plastic Micro Small Outline Package (MS) (MSOP)

	Units		INCHES			MILLIMETERS*	
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n		8			8	
Pitch	p		.026 BSC			0.65 BSC	
Overall Height	A	-	-	.043	-	-	1.10
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.030	.033	.037	0.75	0.85	0.95
Standoff	A1	.000	-	.006	0.00	-	0.15
Overall Width	E		.193 TYP.			4.90 BSC	
Molded Package Width	E1		.118 BSC			3.00 BSC	
Overall Length	D		.118 BSC			3.00 BSC	
Foot Length	L	.016	.024	.031	0.40	0.60	0.80
Footprint (Reference)	F		.037 REF			0.95 REF	
Foot Angle	φ	0°	-	8°	0°	-	8°
Lead Thickness	c	.003	.006	.009	0.08	-	0.23
Lead Width	B	.009	.012	.016	0.22	-	0.40
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	-	15°	5°	-	15°
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°	5°	-	15°

*Controlling Parameter

Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MO-187

Drawing No. C04-111

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APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision H

Corrections to Section 1.0, Electrical Characteristics.

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24AA64/24LC64

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        _____

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2. How does this document meet your hardware and software development needs?

        _____

        _____

3. Do you find the organization of this document easy to follow? If not, why?

        _____

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4. What additions to the document do you think would enhance the structure and subject?

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5. What deletions from the document could be made without affecting the overall usefulness?

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```
PART NO.        X        /XX        X

Device    Temperature  Package   Lead Finish
            Range
```

Device: 24AA64:   1.8V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM
24AA64T: 1.8V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM
(Tape and Reel)
24AA64X   1.8V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM in rotated pinout (ST only)
24AA64XT 1.8V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM in rotated pinout (ST only)
24LC64:   2.5V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM
24LC64T: 2.5V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM
(Tape and Reel)
24LC64X   2.5V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM in rotated pinout (ST only)
24LC64XT 2.5V, 64 Kbit I²C Serial EEPROM in rotated pinout (ST only)

Temperature I = -40°C to +85°C
Range: E = -40°C to +125°C

Package: P   = Plastic DIP (300 mil body), 8-lead
SN = Plastic SOIC (150 mil body), 8-lead
SM = Plastic SOIC (208 mil body), 8-lead
ST = Plastic TSSOP (4.4 mm), 8-lead
MS = Plastic Micro Small Outline (MSOP), 8-lead
Lead Finish Blank= Standard 63/37 Sn/Pb
G   = Matte Tin (pure Sn)

Examples:

a) 24AA64-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, PDIP package

b) 24AA64-I/SN: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, SOIC package

c) 24AA64-I/SM: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, SOIC (208 mil) package

d) 24AA64X-I/ST: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, Rotated TSSOP package

e) 24AA64T-I/ST: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, TSSOP package, tape and reel

f) 24LC64-I/P: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, PDIP package

g) 24LC64-E/SN: Extended Temperature, 2.5V, SOIC package

h) 24LC64-E/SM: Extended Temperature, 2.5V, SOIC (208 mil) package

i) 24LC64XT-I/ST : Extended Temperature, 2.5V, Rotated TSSOP package, tape and reel

j) 24LC64-I/ST: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, TSSOP package

k) 24AA64-I/PG: Industrial Temperature, 1.8V, PDIP package, Pb-free

l) 24LC64T-I/SNG: Industrial Temperature, 2.5V, SOIC package, tape and reel, Pb-free

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